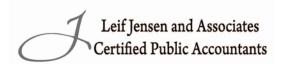
# Record Retention Guidelines For Businesses



### **Accounting Records**

Auditors' report & annual financial statements	Permanently
Bank statements and deposit slips	
Canceled checks:	,
- Fixed assets	Permanently
- General	7 years
- Payroll	
- Taxes (payroll related)	7 years
- Taxes (income)	
Cash disbursements journal	Permanently
Cash receipts journal	
Chart of accounts	Permanently
Correspondence (general)	
Correspondence (routine) with customers and/or vendors	2 years
Deeds, mortgages, bills of sale	Permanently
Electronic payment records	
Employee expense records	
Fixed asset records (invoices, canceled checks,	•
depreciation schedules)	Permanently
Freight bills and bills of lading	
General journal	
General ledger	Permanently
Internal reports (miscellaneous)	3 years
Inventory listings and tags	
Invoices: Sales to customers/ credit memos	7 years
Notes receivable ledgers and schedules	
Notes payable ledgers and schedules	
Patent/Trademark and related papers	
Payroll journal	
Petty cash vouchers	7 years
Plant cost vouchers	7 years
Production and sales reports	7 years
Purchases	
Purchase journal	Permanently
Purchase orders	7 years
Receiving sheets	1 year
Requisitions	1 year
Sales commission reports	3 years
Sales or work orders	7 years
Scrap and salvage records (inventories, sales, etc.)	
Stockroom withdrawal forms	1 year
Subsidiary ledgers (accounts receivable,	
accounts payable, equipment)	7 years
Time cards and daily time reports	7 years
Training manuals	Permanently
Trial balance - year end	
Vouchers for payments to vendors, employees, etc.	·
(includes allowances and reimbursement of employees,	
officers, etc., for travel and entertainment expenses)	7 years
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### **Insurance Records**

Accident reports and settled claims	7 years after settlement
Fire inspection and safety reports	6 years
Insurance policies (still in effect)	
Insurance policies (expired)	7 years

## Legal Documents

Articles of incorporation and bylaws	Permanently
Buy-sell agreements	Permanently
Capitol stock and bond records: ledgers,	
transfer registers, stubs showing options, etc	Permanently
Contracts and leases (still in effect)	Permanently
Contracts and leases (expired)	7 years
Employment agreements	7 years
Legal correspondence	Permanently
Minutes	Permanently
Option records (expired)	7 years
Partnership agreements	Permanently
Property appraisals by outside appraisers	Permanently
Stock certificates and ledgers	

#### Tax Records

IRS or state adjustments	Permanently
Payroll tax returns	7 years
Property records, including costs, depreciation reserves,	
year-end trial balances, depreciation schedules,	
blueprints and plans	Permanently
Sales and use tax returns	Permanently
Tax returns and work sheets, revenue agents' reports,	
and other documents relating to determination	
of income tax liability, canceled checks	
for tax payments	Permanently

#### Personnel Records

Child labor certificates and notices.	3 years
Employment application(from date of termination)	•
Employment eligibility verification (I-9 form)	•
(from date of termination)	3 years
Garnishments	7 years
Help wanted ads and job opening notices	2 years
Personnel files (from date of termination)	7 years
Records of job injuries causing loss of work	5 years
Safety: chemical and toxic exposure records	
Union agreements and individual employee contracts	Permanently
Withholding statements	

## Employee Benefit Plan Records

Actuarial reports	Permanently
Allocation and compliance testing	7 years
Brokerage/ Trustee statements supporting investments	7 years
Financial statements	Permanently
General ledger and journals	Permanently
Information returns (form5500)	Permanently
Internal Revenue Service/ Department of Labor	·
correspondence	Permanently
Participant communications related to	•
distributions, terminations, beneficiaries	7 vears
Plan and trust agreements.	

These Record Retention Guidelines come from multiple sources. Some which conflict, so they are provided as a general guideline for the retention of many records, but each specific holding period for any record retention policy should be given careful scrutiny by management and legal advisors in light of any pending investigations, regulated industry requirements or contract covenants. In addition to these general guidelines, each business should consider any industry standards which may affect the holding period of records due to the unusual legal circumstances. In other words use these guidelines at your own risk.